Max marks: 20
Time: 1 Hour

| Qn. No | SECTION A | Marks allocated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | A demand curve which takes the form of a horizontal line parallel to the quantity axis illustrates elasticity which is: <br> a) Zero <br> b) Infinite <br> c) $>1$ <br> d) $>1$ | 1 |
| 2. | The observation which occurs most frequently in a sample is the: <br> a) median <br> b) mean deviation <br> c) standard deviation <br> d) mode | 1 |
| 3. | When $\mathrm{r}=1$, there is perfect <br> a) perfect -ve relationship between the variables <br> b) no relationship between the variables <br> c) None <br> d) perfect + ve relationship between the variables | 1 |
| 4. | The value which divides a series into 4 equal parts <br> (a) Median <br> (b) Quartile <br> (c) Docile <br> (d) Percentile | 1 |
| 5. | Explain how correlation is calculated using scatter diagrams | 3 |
| 6. | a) From the following table, calculate Price Elasticity of Demand. | 1 |
|  | Price (₹) $\quad$ Quantity (units) |  |
|  | 9 100 |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | b) Explain the effect of number of substitutes on Price Elasticity of Demand of a commodity. | 2 |


| 7. | From the following data arrange the mean marks acquired by the students using the direct method. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Marks | 0-4 | 4-8 |  | 8-12 | 12-16 |  | 16-20 | 20-24 |  |  |
|  | No. of Students |  | 9 |  | 16 | 8 |  | 6 | 4 |  |  |
|  | What is the relationship between Mean, median and mode? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | a) A group of 8 students got the following marks in a test in Maths and Accountancy. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Marks in Maths |  | 50 | 60 | 65 | 70 | 75 | 40 | 80 | 85 |  |
|  | Marks in Accountancy |  | 80 | 71 | 60 | 75 | 90 | 82 | 70 | 50 |  |
|  | Compute the <br> b) Differ | coeffi <br> ntiate | cien <br> bet | of r | rank corr positive | lation <br> and |  | ve corre | ation |  | 1 |

